Gerd W. Clabaugh, MPA Director

Kim Reynolds Governor Adam Gregg Lt. Governor

Medical Cannabidiol Board - Description

The Medical Cannabidiol Board is comprised of eight practitioners representing neurology, pain management, gastroenterology, oncology, psychiatry, pediatrics, family medicine, and pharmacy, and one representative from law enforcement. The practitioners must be licensed in Iowa, nationally board-certified in their area of specialty, and knowledgeable about the use of medical cannabidiol. The law enforcement representative must be a regularly employed member of a police force of a city or county, including a sheriff, or of the state patrol, who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of Iowa criminal laws.

The Medical Cannabidiol Board will:

- a. Accept and review petitions to add medical conditions, medical treatments, or debilitating diseases to the list of debilitating medical conditions for which the medical use of cannabidiol would be medically beneficial;
- b. Make recommendations to remove or add debilitating medical conditions to the list of allowable debilitating medical conditions for which the medical use of cannabidiol would be medically beneficial;
- c. Work with IDPH regarding the requirements for licensure of medical cannabidiol manufacturers and dispensaries, including licensing procedures;
- d. Advise IDPH regarding the location of medical cannabidiol manufacturers and dispensaries throughout the state; and
- e. Make recommendations related to the form and quantity of allowable medical uses of cannabidiol.

Recommendations made by the Medical Cannabidiol Board pursuant to b. and e. shall be considered by the Iowa Board of Medicine and, if approved, shall be adopted by the Iowa Board of Medicine by rule.

The Medical Cannabidiol Board must submit a report detailing the activities of the board by January 1 of each year. It may make recommendations on statutory revisions to the definition of medical cannabidiol that increase the THC level to more than three percent; however, Iowa's General Assembly has the sole authority to review and amend the definition of medical cannabidiol for purposes of the Medical Cannabidiol Act.